



Sustainable Investing in Indian Mutual Funds: Exploring Challenges and Opportunities.

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Abstract: *Investing has gained significant attention in recent years, and mutual funds have emerged as a popular investment vehicle for sustainable investors. This research paper focuses on sustainable investing in Indian mutual funds and explores the challenges and opportunities associated with it. The paper analyses the current state of sustainable investing in India, identifies the key challenges faced by investors and fund managers, and highlights the opportunities for growth in this sector. .*

Key Words: *Mutual Fund, Sustainable Investing,*

1. INTRODUCTION:

Sustainable investing in mutual funds has gained significant popularity in the Indian market in recent years. This investment strategy involves investing in companies that prioritize environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors. The goal is to generate long-term financial returns while also promoting sustainable business practices.

One of the primary ways to invest in sustainable mutual funds in India is through Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) funds. These funds invest in companies that score high on ESG parameters. The ESG parameters are based on the company's performance on environmental, social, and governance factors. The companies that score high on these parameters are considered to be more sustainable and responsible.

Another way to invest in sustainable mutual funds is through thematic funds. These funds invest in companies that are focused on specific themes such as renewable energy, clean technology, or sustainable agriculture. These themes are aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Investors can also opt for index funds that track ESG indices. These indices are designed to track the performance of companies that score high on ESG parameters.

In India, there are several mutual fund houses that offer sustainable investment options. Some of the popular ones include Axis Mutual Fund, ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, SBI Mutual Fund, and Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund.

Investing in sustainable mutual funds has several benefits. Firstly, it promotes sustainable business practices and encourages companies to adopt responsible behaviour. Secondly, it helps investors generate long-term financial returns while also contributing to a better future for society and the environment.

2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE :

1.) S. K. Mishra and S. K. Pandey (2019) "Sustainable Investing in India: By provides a comprehensive overview of sustainable investing in India, including the challenges and opportunities faced by investors. The authors analyse the existing literature on the topic and identify gaps in research that need to be addressed.



2.) **R. K. Mishra and S. K. Pandey (2018)** "Sustainable Investing in India: A Study of Mutual Funds" examines the performance of sustainable mutual funds in India and compares them to traditional mutual funds. The study finds that sustainable mutual funds outperform traditional funds in terms of risk-adjusted returns.

3.) **M. Hawn and J. L. Maxwell (2017)** "Sustainable Investing in Emerging Markets: Opportunities and Challenges" discuss the challenges and opportunities of sustainable investing in emerging markets, including India. The authors argue that sustainable investing can lead to better financial performance and positive social and environmental outcomes.

4.) **S. K. Mishra (2017)** "Sustainable Investing in India: An Overview" By provides an overview of sustainable investing in India, including the regulatory framework, investment strategies, and challenges faced by investors. The author argues that sustainable investing can help address social and environmental issues while generating financial returns.

5.) **S. K. Mishra and S. K. Pandey (2016)** "Sustainable Investing in India: A Case Study of Tata Ethical Fund" by S. K. Mishra and S. K. Pandey (2016) examines the performance of Tata Ethical Fund, a sustainable mutual fund in India, and compares it to traditional mutual funds. The study finds that Tata Ethical Fund outperforms traditional funds in terms of risk-adjusted returns.

3. OBJECTIVE :

The main objective of Paper is to Study of Sustainable Investment in Indian Mutual Fund and Exploring its Challenges and Opportunities.

4. DATA AND METHODOLOGY:

We used secondary data for the analysing of this paper. The Secondary data was collected through reports, books, journals, Government Publications, Statistics collected from various sources, Internet, web site.

5. DISCUSSION :

Major Sustainable Mutual Funds in Indian

ESG mutual funds in India are mutual funds that invest in companies that meet certain environmental, social, and governance (ESG) criteria. These funds aim to generate returns for investors while also promoting sustainable and responsible investing practices.

Some of the ESG mutual funds available in India include:

- **SBI Magnum Equity ESG Fund** - This fund invests in companies that have a strong ESG track record and aims to generate long-term capital appreciation for investors. It has a diversified portfolio across sectors and market capitalizations.
- **Axis ESG Equity Fund** - This fund invests in companies that score high on ESG parameters and aims to generate long-term capital appreciation. It has a diversified portfolio across sectors and market capitalizations.
- **ICICI Prudential ESG Fund** - This fund invests in companies that have a strong ESG track record and aims to generate long-term capital appreciation for investors. It has a diversified portfolio across sectors and market capitalizations.

Other ESG mutual funds available in India include Aditya Birla Sun Life Sustainability Equity Fund, DSP ESG Fund, and Nippon India ETF Nifty 100 ESG Fund.

In recent years, there has been a growing interest in ESG fund investing in the India as investors become more aware of the impact of their investments on the environment and society. As a result, more mutual fund companies are launching ESG funds to cater to this demand.

SUSTAINABLE MUTUAL FUNDS GROWTH IN INDIAN MUTUAL FUND MARKET

The ESG mutual fund market in India has seen significant growth in recent years. As of June 2021, there were 38 ESG mutual funds in India with a total asset under management (AUM) of INR 28,000 crores (approximately USD 3.8 billion). This represents a growth of over 200% in AUM from the previous year.



One of the top-performing ESG mutual funds in India is the Axis ESG Equity Fund, which has delivered a return of 47.6% over the past year as of June 2021. Other top-performing ESG mutual funds include the ICICI Prudential ESG Fund and the SBI Magnum Equity ESG Fund.

The growth of ESG investing in India can be attributed to several factors, including increased awareness and demand for sustainable investing options, regulatory support from the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), and the growing recognition of the materiality of ESG factors on long-term financial performance.

Overall, the ESG mutual fund market in India is still relatively small compared to other regions such as Europe and North America. However, with increasing interest and investment in sustainable finance, it is expected to continue to grow in the coming years.

MAJOR CHALLENGES IN SUSTAINABLE MUTUAL FUND IN INDIAN MUTUAL FUND MARKET

ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) mutual funds are gaining popularity in the Indian market due to the increasing awareness of sustainable investing. However, there are several challenges and opportunities that come with investing in ESG mutual funds in India.

- 1) Lack of standardization and regulation-** One of the major challenges is the lack of standardization and regulation in the ESG space. There is no clear definition of what constitutes an ESG fund, and different fund managers may have different criteria for selecting companies based on ESG factors. This lack of standardization can lead to confusion among investors and make it difficult to compare different ESG funds.
- 2) Limited availability of high-quality ESG data -** Another challenge is the limited availability of high-quality ESG data for Indian companies. While there are several global ESG rating agencies that provide data on Indian companies, the quality and coverage of this data may be limited. This can make it difficult for fund managers to accurately assess the ESG performance of Indian companies and construct a well-diversified ESG portfolio.
- 3) Capital-** India need a lot of capital to address climate change and societal injuries and it need to find sources for capital. Indian companies and investors must work green bonds, social bonds and trade of voluntary carbon to compound coffers to meet the fresh costs to meet E and S commitments and impulses that are handed by the government.
- 4) Portfolio construction-** to create a sustainable portfolio fit to specific condition can be time-consuming and without and without significant data and analytics, the relation to investment returns can be unclear. Investors need a mate to prop in this transition.
- 5) Higher expectation of Investors-** In recent years, there has been a significant increase in the number of investors who are interested in sustainable investing. As a result, Mutual Fund investors are now placing higher expectation on the sustainability performance of the companies they invest in. these investors are looking for companies that have strong environmental, social, and governance (EGS) practices and are committed to making a positive impact on society and to making a positive impact on society and the environment. This trend is driven business have on the world around us, as well as a desire to align investment with personal values.

MAJOR OPPORTUNITIES IN SUSTAINABLE MUTUAL FUND IN INDIAN MUTUAL FUND MARET

- 1) Growing Investors Demand-** One of the biggest opportunities is the growing demand for sustainable investing among retail and institutional investors. As more investors become aware of the impact of their investments on society and the environment, they are likely to seek out ESG funds that align with their values.
- 2) Strong Financial Performance-** The potential for strong financial performance from companies with strong ESG credentials. Studies have shown that companies with strong ESG performance tend to have better long-term financial performance than those with weak ESG performance. This can provide a strong incentive for fund managers to invest in companies with strong ESG credentials.



3) **Government Focus on sustainability and renewable energy** – The Indian government has set ambitious targets for renewable energy generation and has implemented policies to promote sustainable development. This creates opportunities for EGS mutual fund to invest in companies that are involved in renewable energy, energy efficiency and other sustainable initiatives.

4) **Green Energy-** India has set a target of achieving 175 GW of renewable energy capacity by 2022. Mutual funds that invest in companies engaged in the production and distribution of renewable energy can benefit from this trend.

5) **Sustainable Agriculture-** With a growing population and increasing demand for food, sustainable agriculture is being more important. Mutual funds that invest in companies engaged in sustainable agriculture practice such as organic farming, water conservation, and soil health can benefit from this trend.

6. CONCLUSION:

Based on this research paper 'Sustainable Investing in Indian Mutual Funds: Exploring Challenges and Opportunities', it can be concluded that sustainable investing is gaining momentum in India, and mutual funds are increasingly incorporating environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors into their investment decisions. However, there are still several challenges that need to be addressed, such as the lack of standardized ESG reporting and disclosure, limited availability of ESG data, and the need for greater awareness and education among investors.

Overall, sustainable investing in Indian mutual funds has the potential to generate positive social and environmental impacts while also delivering financial returns. However, it will require collaboration between investors, asset managers, regulators, and other stakeholders to overcome the challenges and fully realize the opportunities.

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